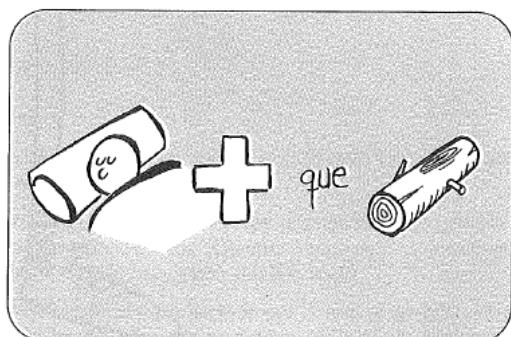
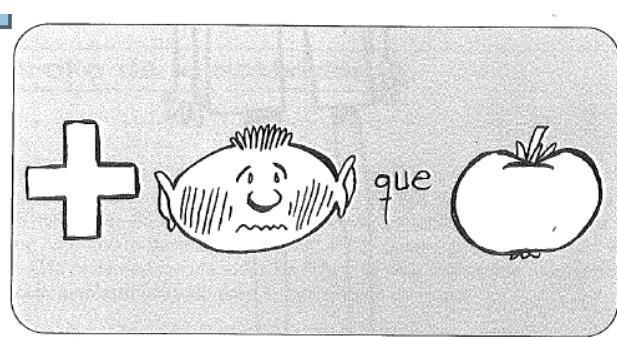
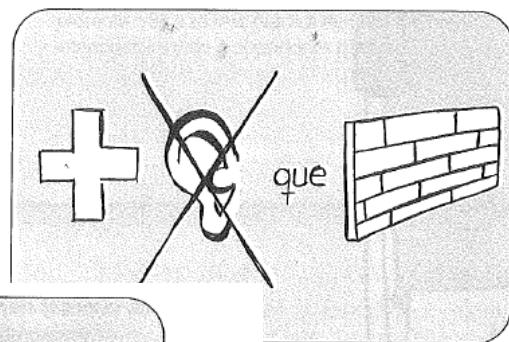
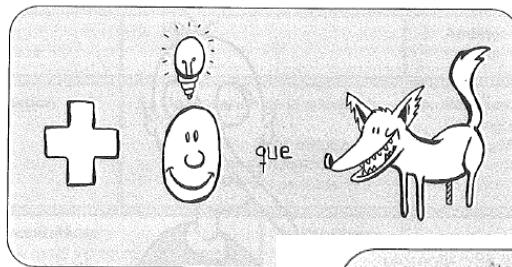


Name of the ACTIVITY

## OUR CHARACTER

PICTURE/ S



|   |
|---|
| Brief Description : <b><u>Level : A-1/ A-2</u></b>  |
| <b><u>Linguistic objectives :</u></b>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Present simple, present continuous</li> <li>• Verb « to be »</li> <li>• The comparison</li> <li>• Adjectives and expressions on the physical and character</li> </ul>  |
| <b><u>Communication objectives :</u></b>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Personal Identification</li> <li>• Daily life</li> <li>• Relations with other</li> </ul>   |
| <b><u>Cultural objectives :</u></b>   |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Expressions and phrases related to the character of the individual</li> </ul>  |
| <b>Materials</b>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drawing our character - Cards with drawings expressions</li> </ul>   |
| <b>Steps</b>  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The teacher gives the comparative expressions drawn</li> <li>• The learners must to guess which expression is the phrase drawn. All expressions follow the standard grammar « más...que », (more...than). For instance:<br/>           « Ser más listo que un zorro » - (Get more cunning than a fox)<br/>           « Estar más solo que la una » - (Get more alone than one)<br/>           « Estar más rojo que un tomate » - (Being redder than a tomato)<br/>           « Tener más cara que espalda » - (Having some nerve)<br/>           « Estar más sordo que una tapia » - (Being deaf as a wall)<br/>           « Dormir más que un tronco » - (Sleeping like a tree trunk)</li> <li>• When they have found all the words, the teacher gives the copy of “our character”. Then they must describe their character in plenum using the comparative structures:<br/>           More...than..., less ... than..., as... as.... . All sentences should be friendly and creative. For instance:<br/>           « Es más largo que un mes sin dinero » - (It is longer than a month without money)<br/>           « Tiene los ojos como tan grandes como una catedral » - (His eyes are bigger than a cathedral).</li> <li>• When the exercise is finished, the teacher groups participants by two the part. The participants have to describe a class person, or someone in their family (father, mother, lover ...). In this case, the comparison should be beautiful. (Ex: « Sus ojos son tan brillantes como el sol », (her eyes are bright as the sun); « Su pelo es más negro que el carbón », (her hair is blacker than coal); « Su boca es tan roja como la fresa », (His mouth is as red as the strawberry)).</li> </ul> |



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The participant learn in a fun way grammatical structures.